

This worksheet is devoted to the study of the intensity in a Young double-slit experiment. The papers are about bunching and antibunching.

Exercise 24: Intensity in Young's double-slit experiment

Evaluate the intensity

$$I(\vec{r}, t) = \text{Tr} \left[\hat{\rho} \hat{E}^-(\vec{r}, t) \hat{E}^+(\vec{r}, t) \right]$$

in the double slit experiment for a single mode both in a

- 1) coherent and
- 2) thermal state.

Use spherical waves $\hat{E}^+(\vec{r}, t) = f(s) \hat{a} e^{i(k s - \omega t)}$, where $s = |\vec{r} - \vec{r}_0|$ is the distance from the point \vec{r}_0 from which the spherical wave originates. Assume that the amplitude $f(s)$ varies slowly with the distance and that the distance between the slits and the screen is much larger than the separation of the slits.

- 3) Show these intensities are qualitatively indistinguishable.

Exercise 25: Paper-Work

Find the following articles online and answer the following questions for each of them:

- What is the paper about?
- Why is it interesting?
- What is done?
- How is it done?

Correlation between photons in two coherent beams of light

R. Hanbury Brown and R. Q. Twiss

Nature **177**, 27–29 (1956)

Photon antibunching in resonance fluorescence

H. J. Kimble, M. Dagenais and L. Mandel

Phys. Rev. Lett. **39**, 691–695 (1977)

Direct detection of a single photon by humans

J. N. Tinsley, M. I. Molodtsov, R. Prevedel, D. Wartmann, J. Espigule-Pons, M. Lauwers, and A. Vaziri

Nature Communications **7**, 12172 (2016).