

The current worksheet is devoted to coherent states: their generation, their photon statistics, and their experimental detection.

Exercise 14: Generation of coherent states

The aim of this exercise is to show that the radiation emitted by a classical current distribution is a coherent state.

Let us consider a single mode field interacting with a classical oscillating current described by the current density $\vec{j}(\vec{r}, t)$ (the latter is a 'classical' vector and not a 'quantum' operator). According to classical electrodynamics, the interaction energy $\hat{V}(t)$ is given by

$$\hat{V}(t) = \int d^3\vec{r} \vec{j}(\vec{r}, t) \vec{A}(\vec{r}, t)$$

where $\vec{A}(\vec{r}, t)$ is the quantum vector potential.

- 1) Evaluate the interaction energy operator $\hat{V}(t)$ using the expression of the quantum vector potential operator for a single mode of the electromagnetic field.
- 2) Let $|\psi(t)\rangle$ be the state vector of the combined system. Write the corresponding Schrödinger equation in the interaction picture and compute its time-dependent solution (the propagator) using 1). (Assume for simplicity that the operator $\hat{V}(t)$ commutes with itself at different times: the effect of time-ordering leads in this case to an unimportant phase factor).
- 3) Apply the above solution to the vacuum state and discuss the obtained result.

Exercise 15: Statistics of coherent states

Consider a coherent state $|\alpha\rangle$.

- 1) Compute the expectation value $\langle n \rangle$ of the photon number operator in that state. Discuss the physical meaning of α . Compute the expectation value of the square of the number operator and derive the corresponding variance Δn . Evaluate the ratio $\Delta n / \langle n \rangle$ and discuss the limit $\langle n \rangle \gg 1$.
- 2) For a measurement of the number of photons in the field, the probability of detecting n photons is $P_n = |\langle n | \alpha \rangle|^2$. Write down P_n for the coherent state and determine its maximum. Plot P_n for $\langle n \rangle = 10$ and compare with the case of a thermal field studied in Exercise 6.

Exercise 16: Paper-Work

Find the following articles online and answer the following questions for each of them:

- What is the paper about?
- Why is it interesting?
- What is done?
- How is it done?

Measurement of the Statistical Distribution of Gaussian and Laser Sources

F.T. Arecchi

Phys. Rev. Lett. **15**, 912–916 (1965)

Reconstruction of non-classical cavity field states with snapshots of their decoherence

S. Deléglise, I. Dotsenko, C. Sayrin, J. Bernu, M. Brune, J.-M. Raimond and S. Haroche

Nature **455**, 510 (2008)